

Just how big are the differences in the testing profession?

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bit.ly/testnet2024

The results will be discussed in our talk!

Introducing...









Let's quiz

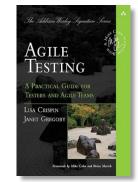


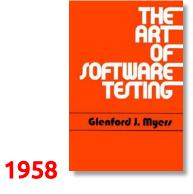


Let's look at the results...

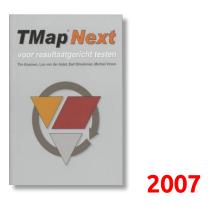
QUESTION		TRUE	FALSE
1.	Quality means the best possible product we can build	36%	64%
2.	The goal of testing is finding bugs	20%	80%
3.	Testers are responsible for the quality of product	10%	90%
4.	Testing is a phase in our software development process	26%	74%
5.	Testing is writing test cases and executing them	6%	94%
6.	We do explicit risk analysis in my team	34%	66%
7.	I use test design techniques explicitly	46%	53%
8.	Exploratory testing is a test technique	66%	34%
9.	I use heuristics in my testing	52%	48%
10	. We can automate all testing	2%	98%
11	Test automation saves time and money	50%	50%
12	Certification in testing is useful	62%	38%

Testing over the years













2020

1979

Martin Pol / Road Transburn / Erit van Verenendaar
TESTEN VOLGENS
TMap
2º druk

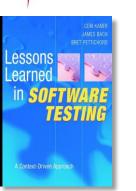
1997



2001



-2006



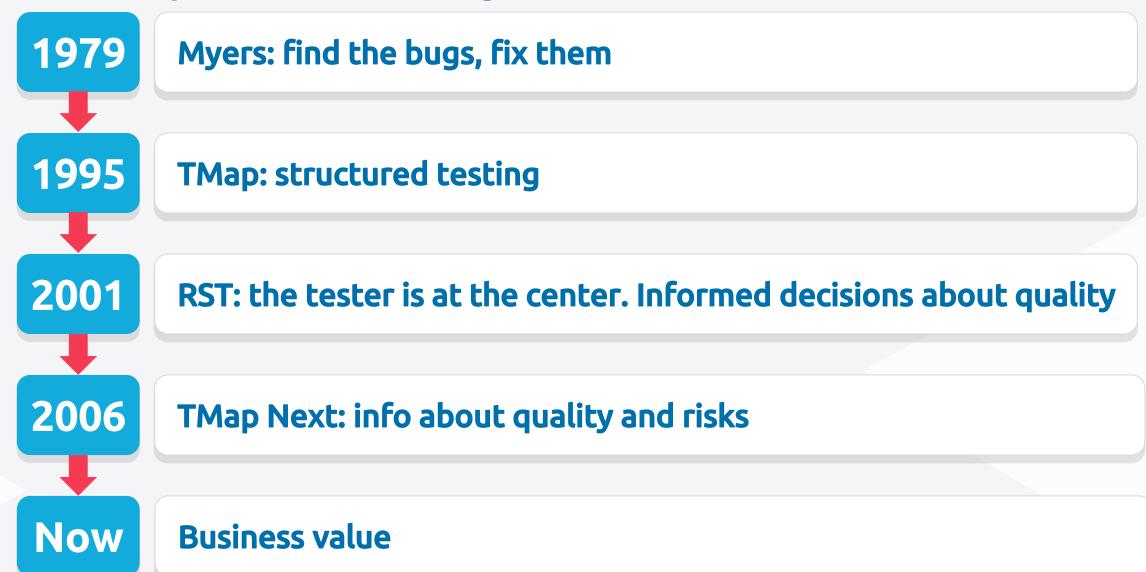
2008

TestGoal



2024

Development of test goals



Story time!



Huib's Story



Rik's Story



Audience participation!



Audience interaction

- Do you have a vision on testing?
- What is your vision?
- On what is it based?



Early 00s: different trends

Factory school

Reduction of testing tasks to routines that can be automated or delegated to cheap labor

2 Control school
Standards and processes that enforce or rely heavily on standards

Test-driven school

Code-focused testing by programmers

Analytical school

Analytical methods for assessing Q of the software including improved precision of specifications

Context-driven School

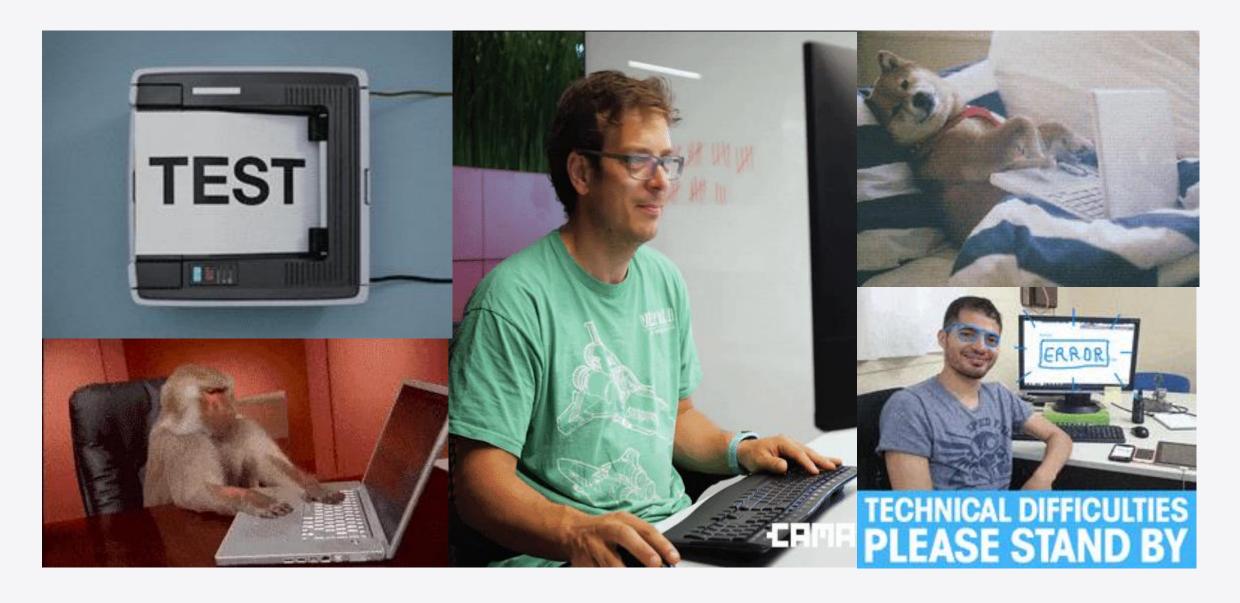
Adapting to the circumstances under which the product is developed and used

Context-driven principles

- 1. The value of any practice depends on its context.
- 2. There are good practices in context, but there are no best practices.
- 3. People, working together, are the most important part of any project's context.
- 4. Projects unfold over time in ways that are often not predictable.
- 5. The product is a solution. If the problem isn't solved, the product doesn't work.
- 6. Good software testing is a challenging intellectual process.
- 7. Only through judgment and skill, exercised cooperatively throughout the entire project, are we able to do the right things at the right times to effectively test our products.

To what extent are we talking about the same thing??

What do you need to do to stay relevant as a tester?



Questions? Remarks? Additions? Stories?





Get in touch with us!

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